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Get IBM Cognos Report Studio now with O'Reilly online training. O'Reilly members experience live online learning as well as books, videos and digital content from 200 publishers. 14 Answers Then apply this variable to the column. Go to the conventional researcher, click on the color variable, and then select Red. Click on the income column and change the foreground color to red. If he complains the variable is invalid, select the page and go to the page from the ancestor button. Then click on the query and point to the query from which the variable is calculated. For example, a request for which there is an income item. -Suraj Neupane If you want to highlight in Red when the value of this particular column is less than 0, then follow the next steps 1. Select all columns. 2. Click on the conditional style property (...). 3. Click on Add a new conditional style (bottom left corner icon). 4. Choose Advanced Conditional Style - Name a conditional style variable if necessary. 5. Click on new Condition Advance. 6. Go to Function. 7. Expand the report function. 8. Select CellValue. 9. Add a condition like CellValue () < 0; May 0, 2018 Okay, I have a data dump. What does that have to tell me? The example above shows product sales information. However, this report is no different from the spreadlist. Of course, I can reset the data in the Excel Pivot table, but it's time consuming and fraught with human error. I want the report to give me information without me having to dig for it. For example, what if I want to identify products where I have not predicted income as well as I was hoping. This is where conditional formatting can play a key role, as it allows CA to highlight items that fall out of a certain range I'm concerned about. Below is a step-by-step instruction on how to add a conditional style to this example report. Get rid of the mess. Change your report to show only the key information you're looking for. In this example, we are interested in making the year, product name, gross profit, revenue and planned revenue. We also need a calculation that determines the percentage difference between planned revenue and revenue. Highlight the column case and show the property box. Click the ellipse button for conditional styling. A box of conditional styles opens. Click on the q sign to create a conditional style. Choose the New Conditional Style option and select % Difference and Hit OK. Name the Highlight Difference style. Then click on the q sign to create a new value. In our example, we are concerned about anything with a difference of more than 20%, so we have created a range between -20% and 20%. Now click the editing button in the range we want to define (i.e. more than 20%) And choose the background color of red. What we are saying is that anything either above 20% or lower than -20% will have a background color of red. Hit OK and hit OK again to save it. Now that we're running we sort on the highest gross product, but the report also highlights those products where we were outside of projected income more than 20%. This allows us to investigate further. (Note: Follow the continuation of this report in our knowledge base... We will use additional techniques to tell the best story and provide even a great user experience) Conditional formatting is the process of formatting business data based on this condition. Users can quickly analyze business data using conditional formatting Conditional formatting can be done using variables there are three types of variables - STRING, BOOLEAN, REPORT LANGUAGE VARIABLES Variables are used to conduct the results of the expression Conditional formatting - Line variables: Create a list report with the following elements of the Order of the Year request, Order Method, Group Number for a Year, Amount by Number Go to conditional Explorer- Click on variable variable lines and lower it to the variable window Determine the expression next in the expression definition window If (query1), 2004 order year), then (1) if (query1), the year of the order 2005) after that (2) still if (query1 order year 2006) then (3) Click on the check-click on OK Add variables 1.2.3 to the list of values Click on the addition - give values 1 2 3 Conditional formatting - Boolean variable CONDITIONAL FORMATTING - BOOLEAN VARIABLE Conditional Formatting - Report cognos report studio conditional formatting boolean. cognos report studio conditional formatting crosstab. conditional formatting in cognos 11 report studio. how to do conditional formatting in cognos report studio. how to use conditional formatting in cognos report studio. how to apply conditional formatting in cognos report studio. conditional formatting in cognos 10 report studio

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